Learning objectives:

After this course, attendees will be able to:

- Lead efforts to execute the Lean Six Sigma methodology throughout an organization (business level, operations level, and process level)
- Develop a successful LSS program
- Apply advanced statistical methods and lean techniques to projects
- Design a LSS training program for your organization.

Outline

- Lean Six Sigma Review (DMAIC, waste)
- LSS Deployment and Management
 - Organization/Business Level
 - Strategic direction and key initiatives (SWOT, PEST, Hoshin Kanri/x-matrix, portfolio analysis)
 - Balanced scorecard and key performance measures including financial measures (hard costs) as well as soft costs
 - Communication of strategy and initiatives
 - Organizational change management including motivational (demotivational) techniques (reward/recognition), readiness assessments, and barriers
 - Benchmarking/MBNQA
 - Interactive relationships among business systems (measurement systems, process change impact)
 - Customer requirement (conflicting with others)
 - Supplier strategy
 - o Operations Level
 - Potential project screening criteria and feasibility
 - Team formation for cross-functional teams (skills, expertise, influence, availability)
 - Conflict resolution
 - Measurement systems across the organization
 - Managing multiple projects
 - Gap analysis

- LSS Deployment and Management Process Level
 - Selecting processes for application of LSS/business case (project charter)
 - Leading teams
 - Selecting team members
 - Managing progress and team function/group dynamics (facilitation, charter review)
 - Project management tools
 - Gantt chart
 - Toll-gate review
 - Ongoing evaluation (leading and lagging indicators)
- Kaizen and Kaizen blitz
- Statistical Methods
 - Statistical versus practical significance
 - Sampling and sample size
 - Distributions hypergeometric, bivariate, exponential, lognormal, Weibull
 - Process capability and process performance indices
- Theory of Constraints
- Maintenance
 - Total Productive Maintenance (TPM)
 - Overall equipment effectiveness (OEE)
- Risk analysis (FMEA, impact vs. effect)
- Design for Six Sigma (DMADV), design for X (manufacturability, test, maintainability, ...), robust design
- Statistical Methods
 - Non-normal data and transformation techniques
 - o Multivariate tools factor analysis, discriminant analysis, MANOVA
 - o Nonparametric tests Kruskal-Wallis, Mann-Whitney
 - Fractional factorial DOE
 - Screening DOE
- Training and certification
 - Effective training curriculum
 - $\circ \quad \text{Adult learning theory} \\$
 - Learning objectives
 - o Training plans
 - Training material
 - Training delivery
 - Certification (test)